Analysis and Evaluation of DAWN and Dropsonde Wind Measurements and Divergence for CPEX

S. Greco, G.D. Emmitt, M. Garstang and S. Wood Simpson Weather Associates, Inc.

CPEX Science Team Workshop

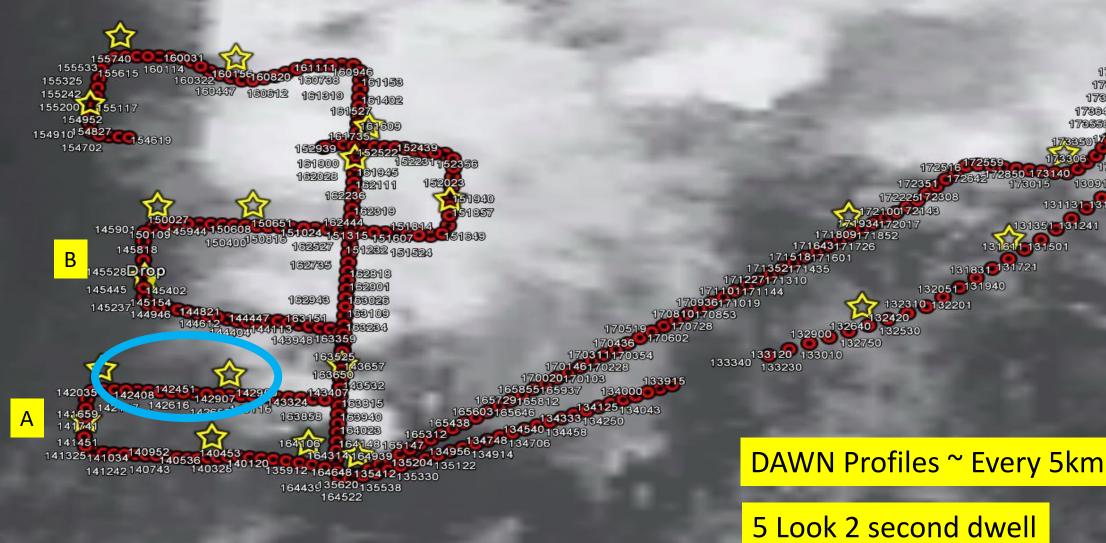
June 7-8, 2018, HCI Research Building, Salt Lake City, UT

7 June 2018

Original DAWN CPEX Science Objectives

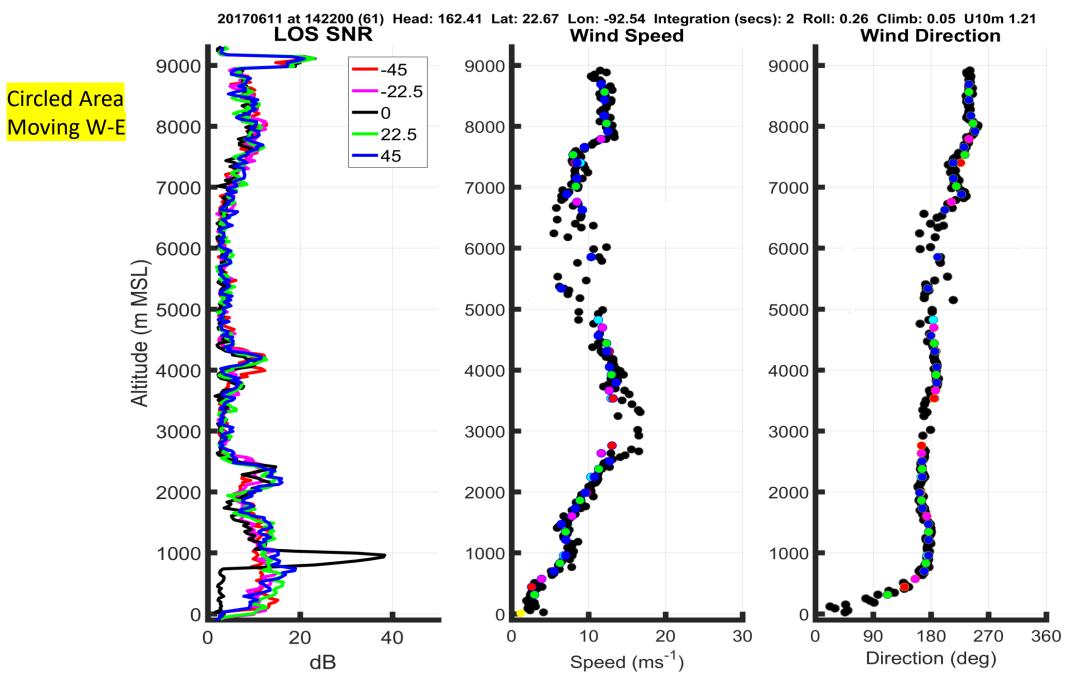
- Utilize DAWN to study the dynamics of convective cloud initiation, maintenance, and decay, particularly over open tropical waters
- 2) Study the dynamics of the tropical atmosphere and tropical convection by flying missions that allow us to compute mass budgets for 100 km x 100 km x 6-10 km volumes containing various degrees and life cycle of convection
- 3) Provide cal/val for numerical models and other instruments
- 4) Improve model assimilation of lidar wind observations into numerical weather prediction models (Z. Pu)

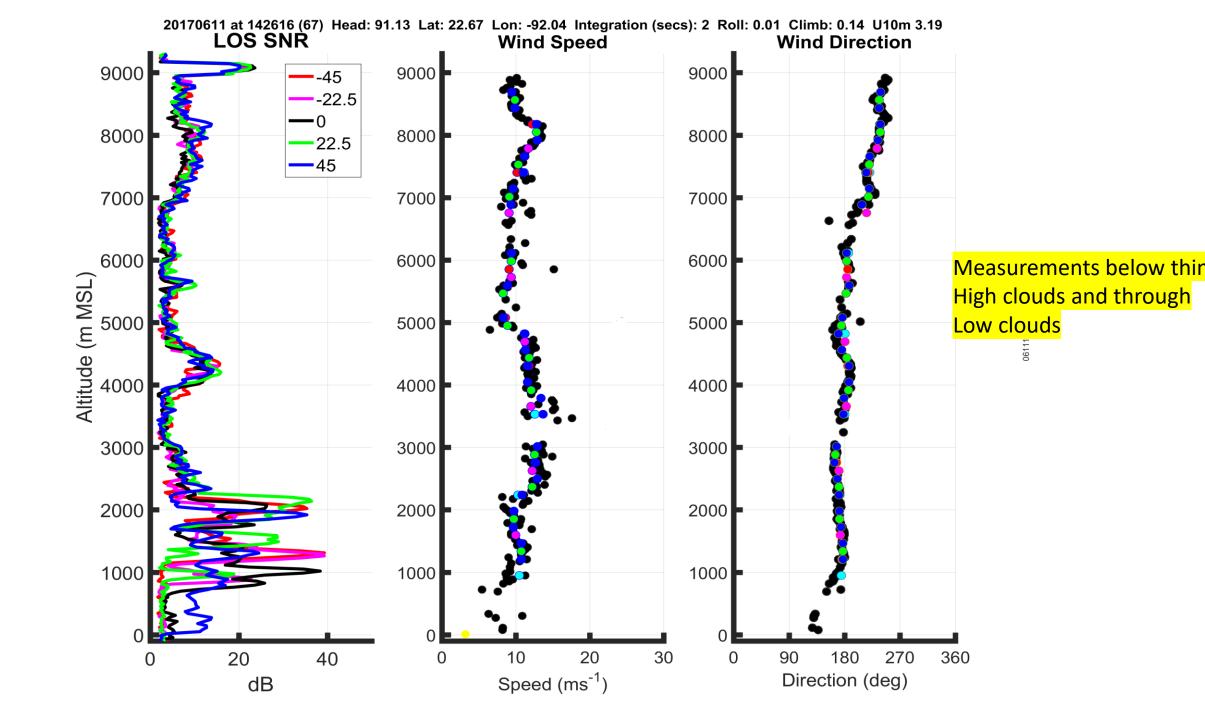
June 11, 2017

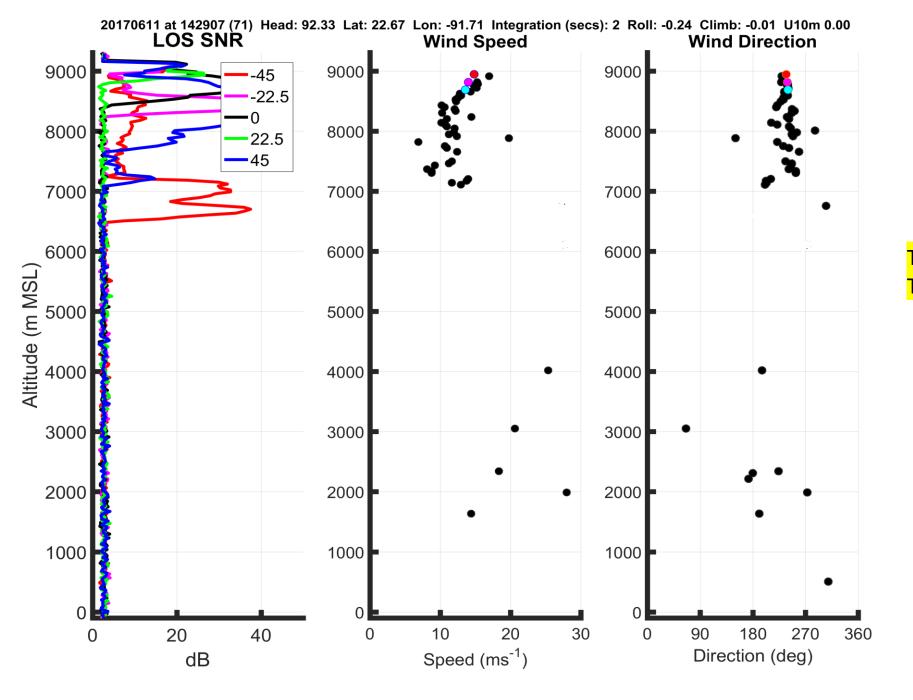


Google Earth

100 mi





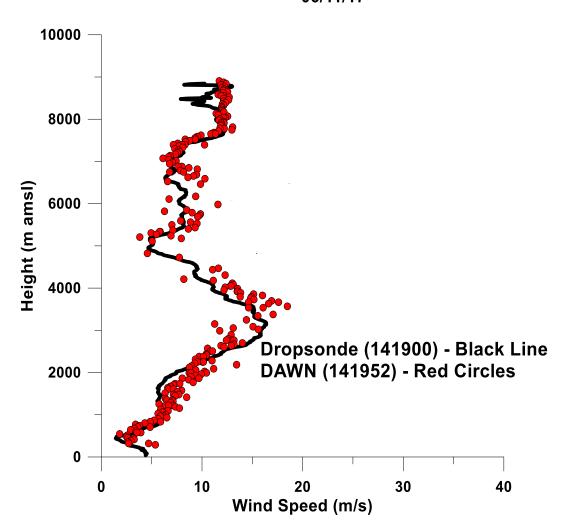


Too much high cloud
To get below 7 km

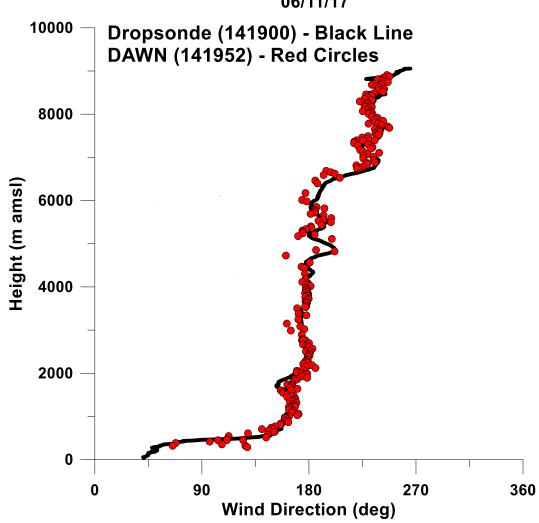
061117

Western S-N Leg A

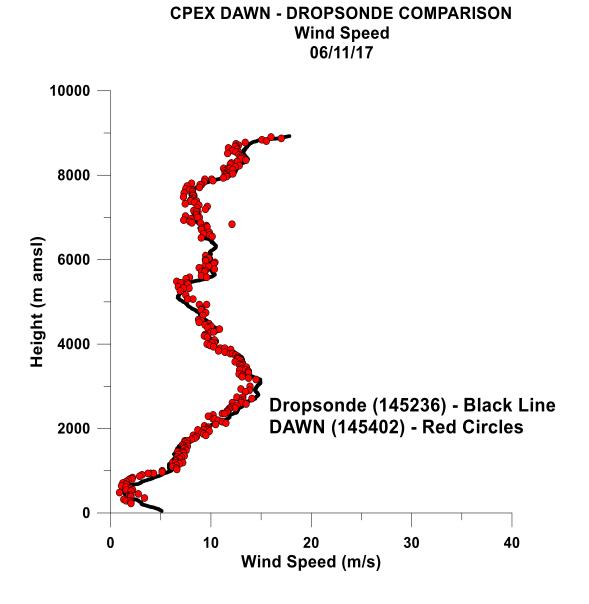


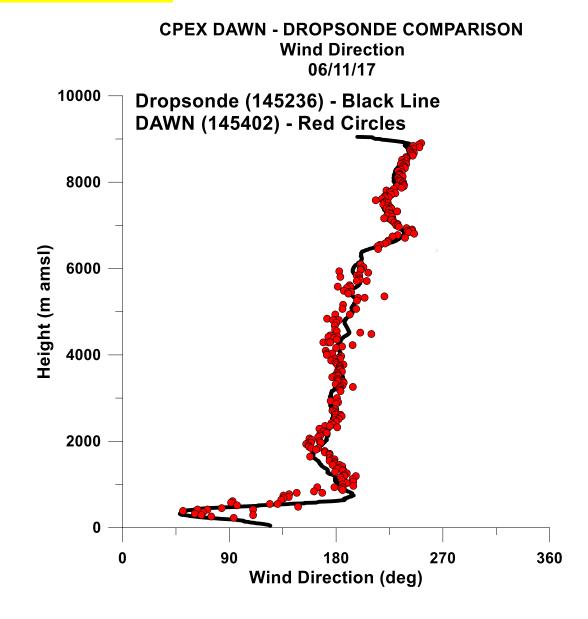


CPEX DAWN - DROPSONDE COMPARISON Wind Direction 06/11/17



Western S-N Leg B





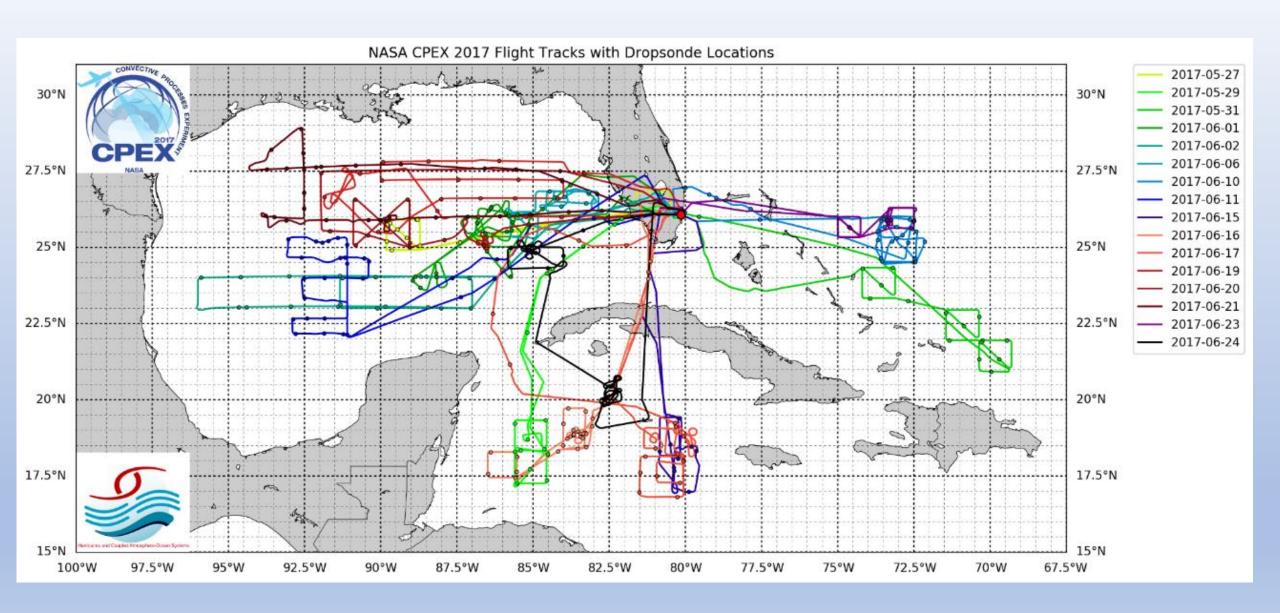
CPEX Mass Budget Science

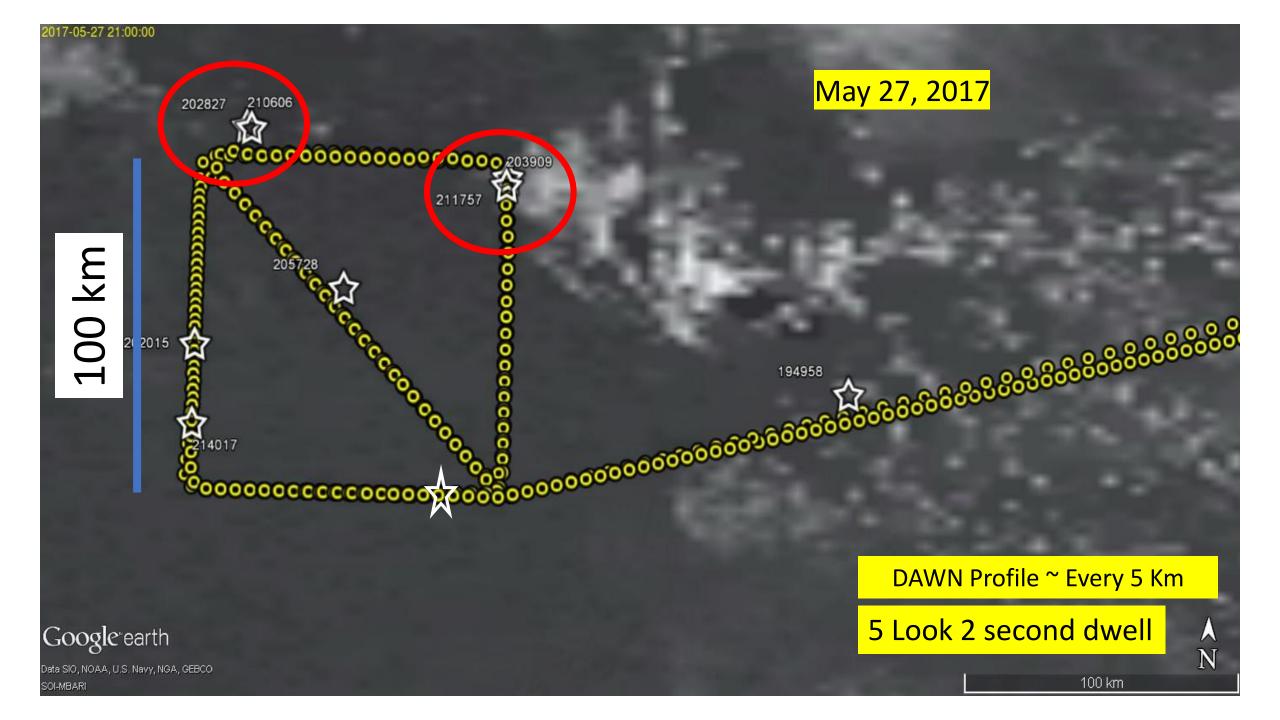
Objective

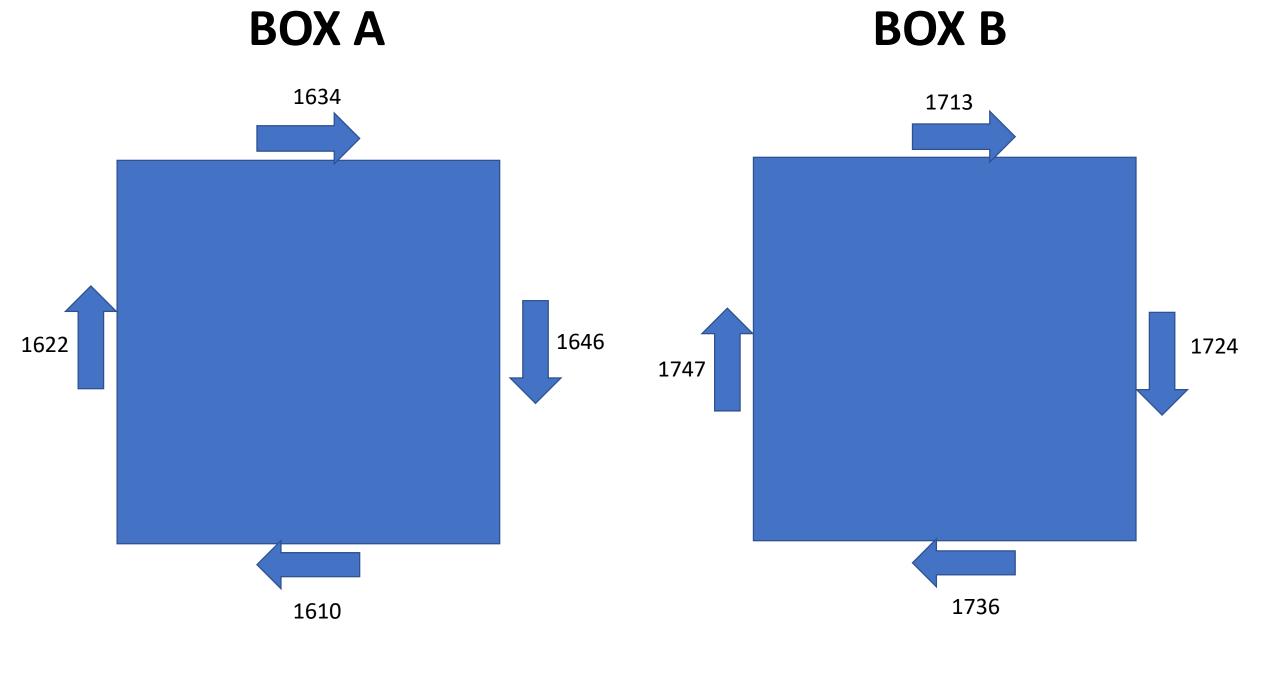
Compute mass budgets and divergence for ~ 100 km x 100 km x 6-10 km volumes containing various degrees of cloud coverage to help describe the dynamics of the atmosphere over the tropical ocean

CPEX Boxes

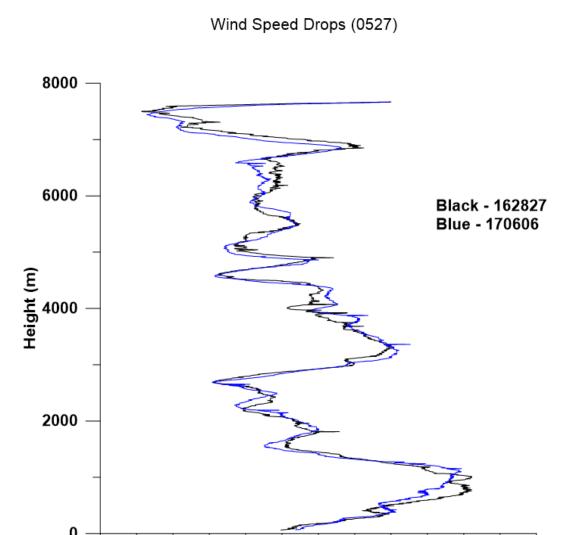
- Over 20 ~ 100 km x 100 km boxes were flown during CPEX 2017 which included:
 - 1) Undisturbed conditions
 - 2) Disorganized or scattered/broken convection
 - 3) Decaying convection
 - 4) Organized (line/area) convective system (difficult for DAWN)







DROPSONDE - Start of Northern W-E Leg Both Boxes



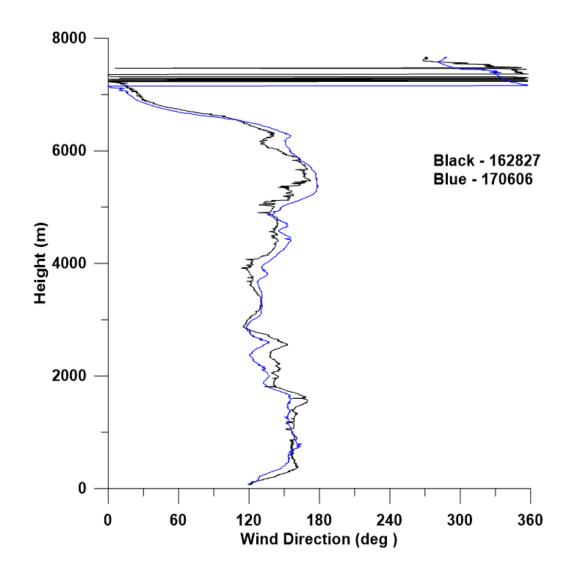
Wind Speed (m/s)

10

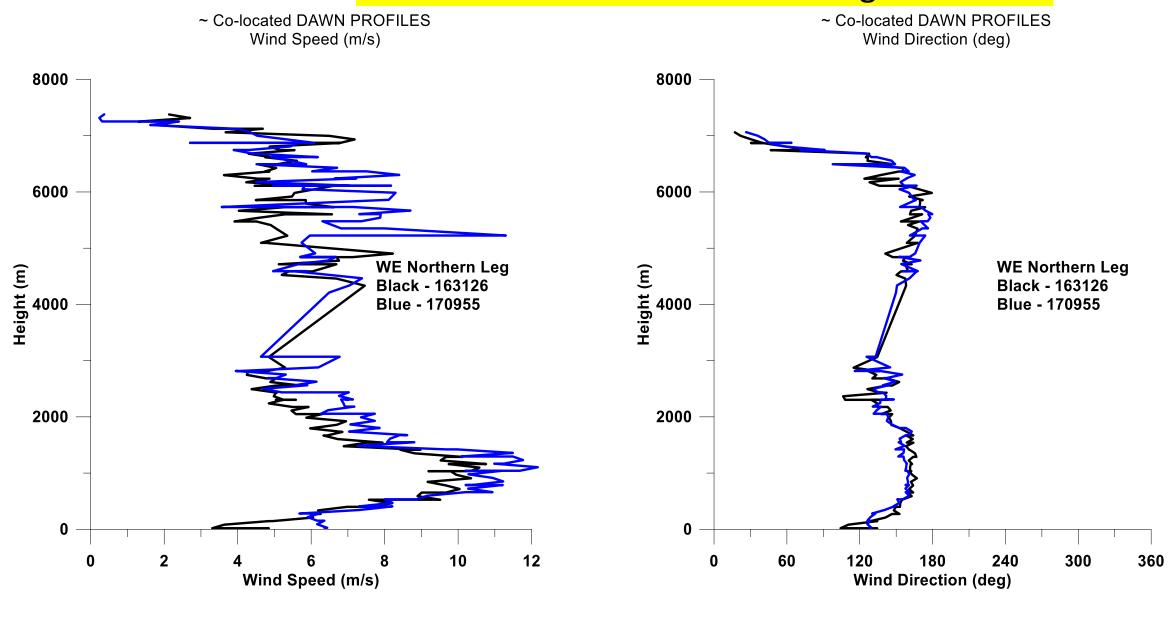
12

2

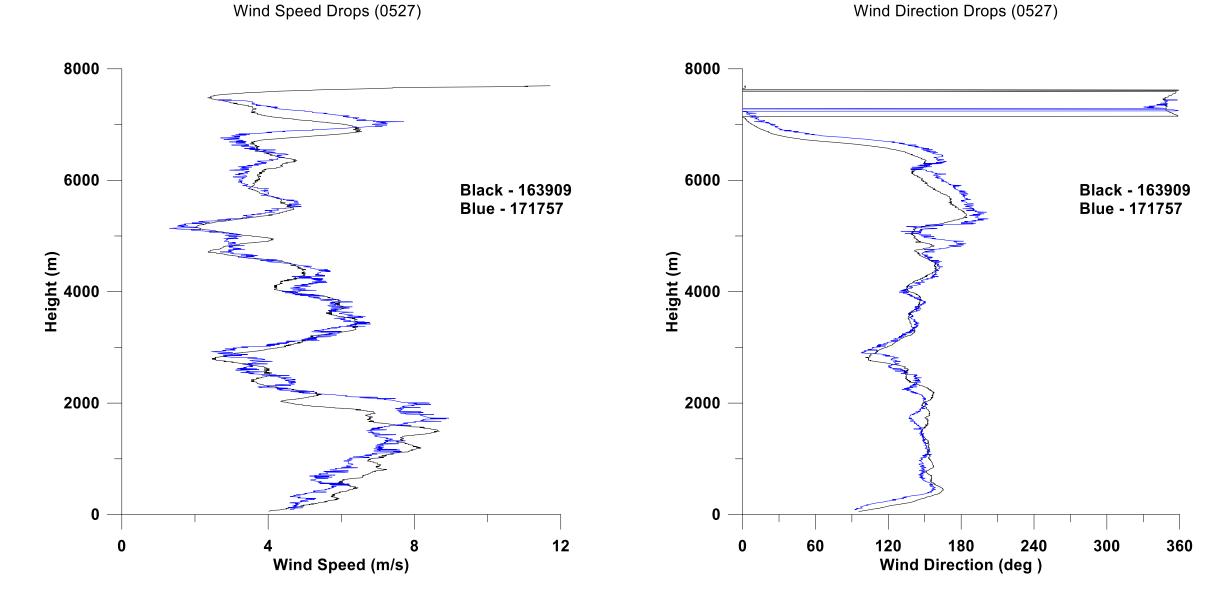
Wind Direction Drops (0527)



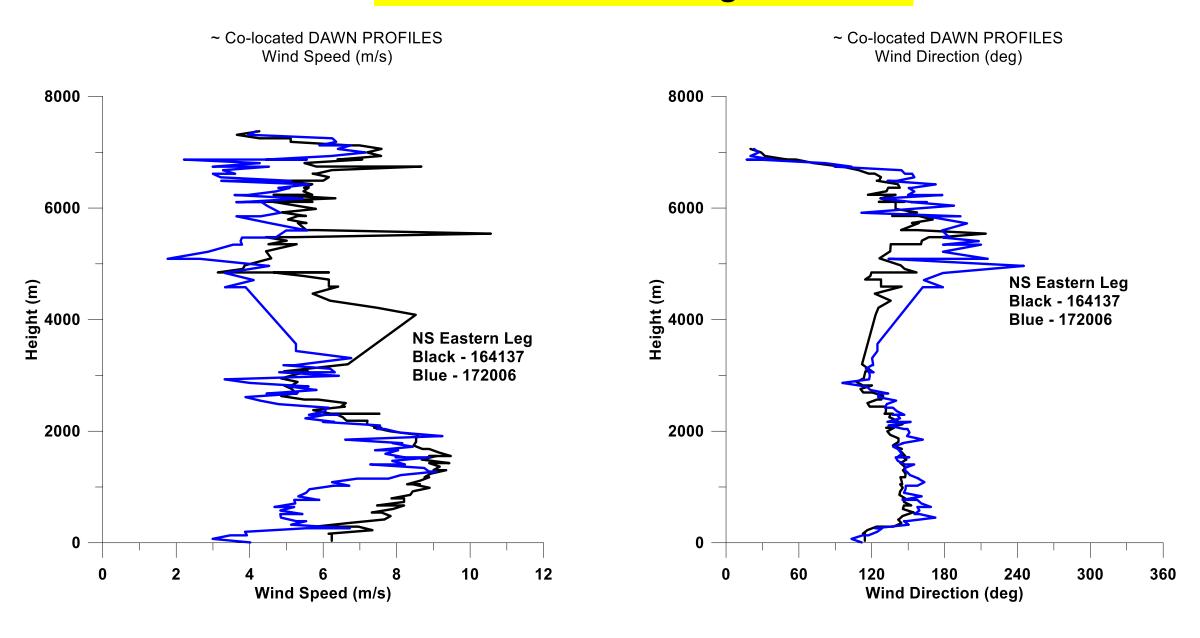
DAWN - Start of Northern W-E Leg Both Boxes

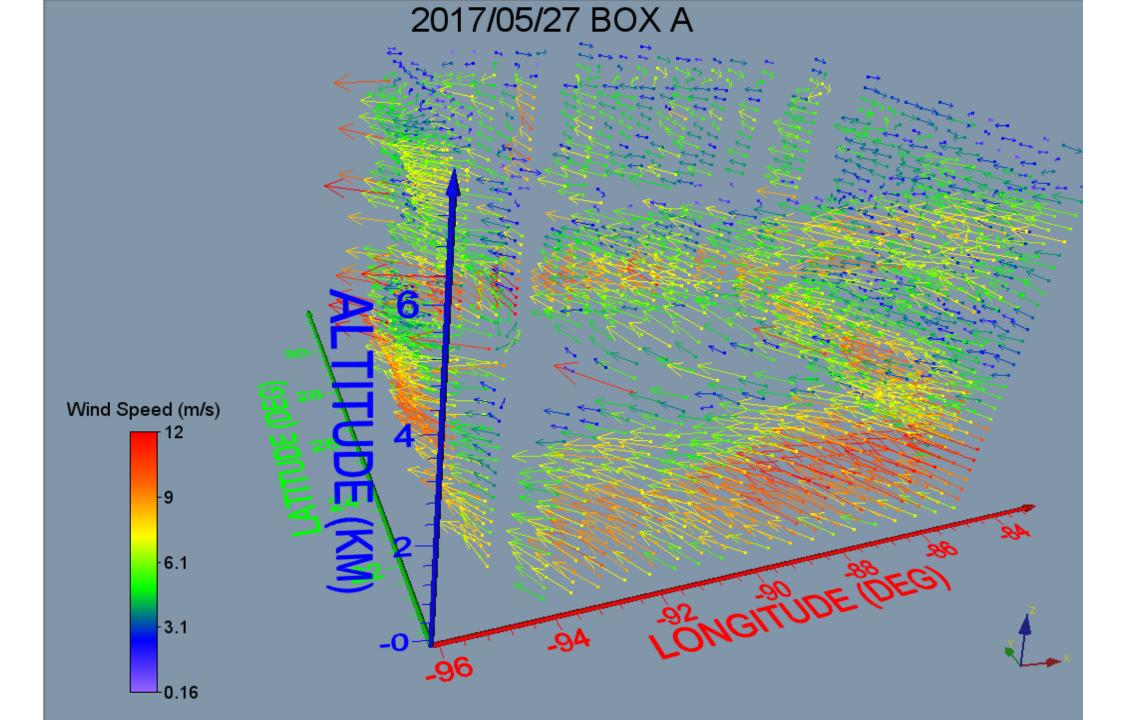


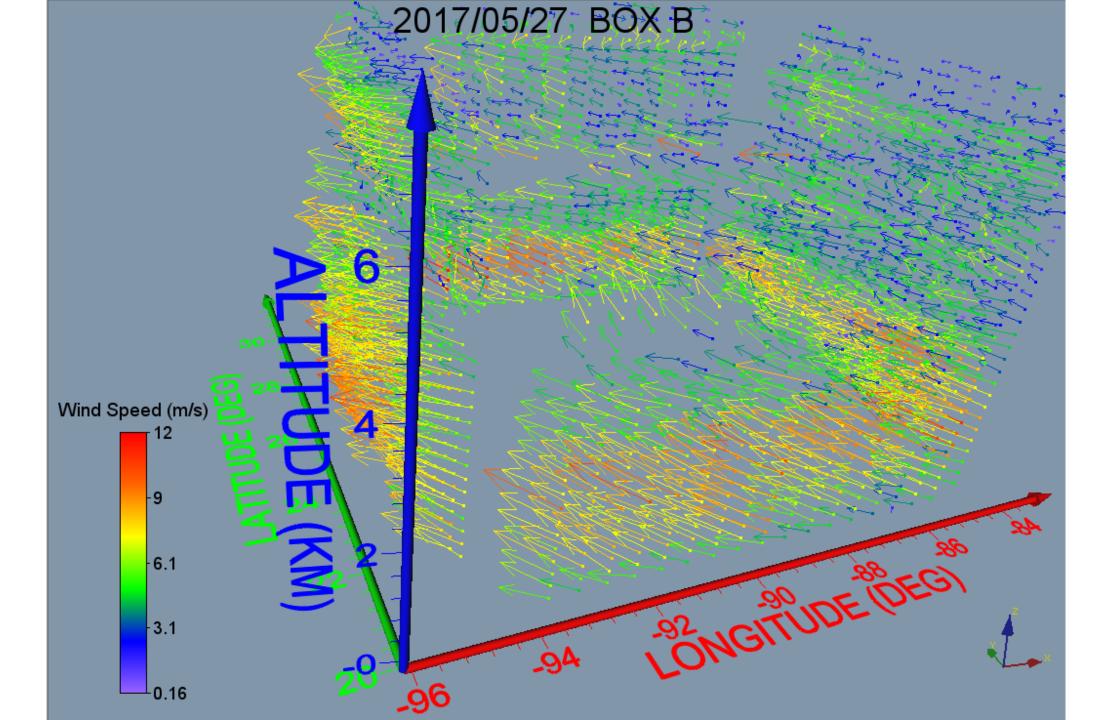
DROPSONDE - Eastern N-S Leg Both Boxes



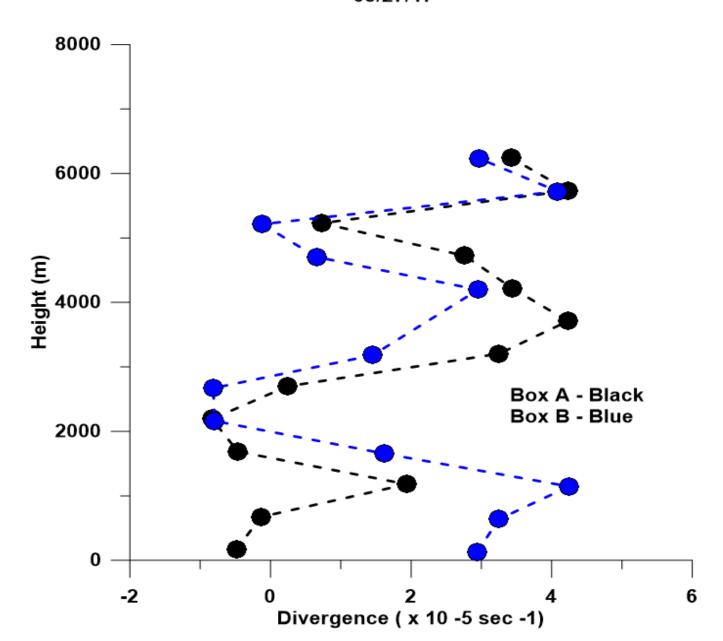
DAWN - Eastern N-S Leg Both Boxes



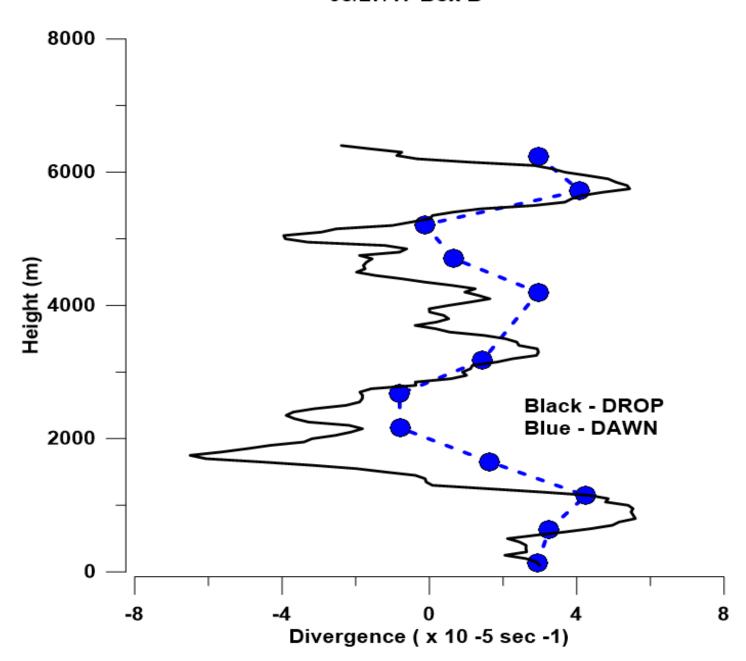


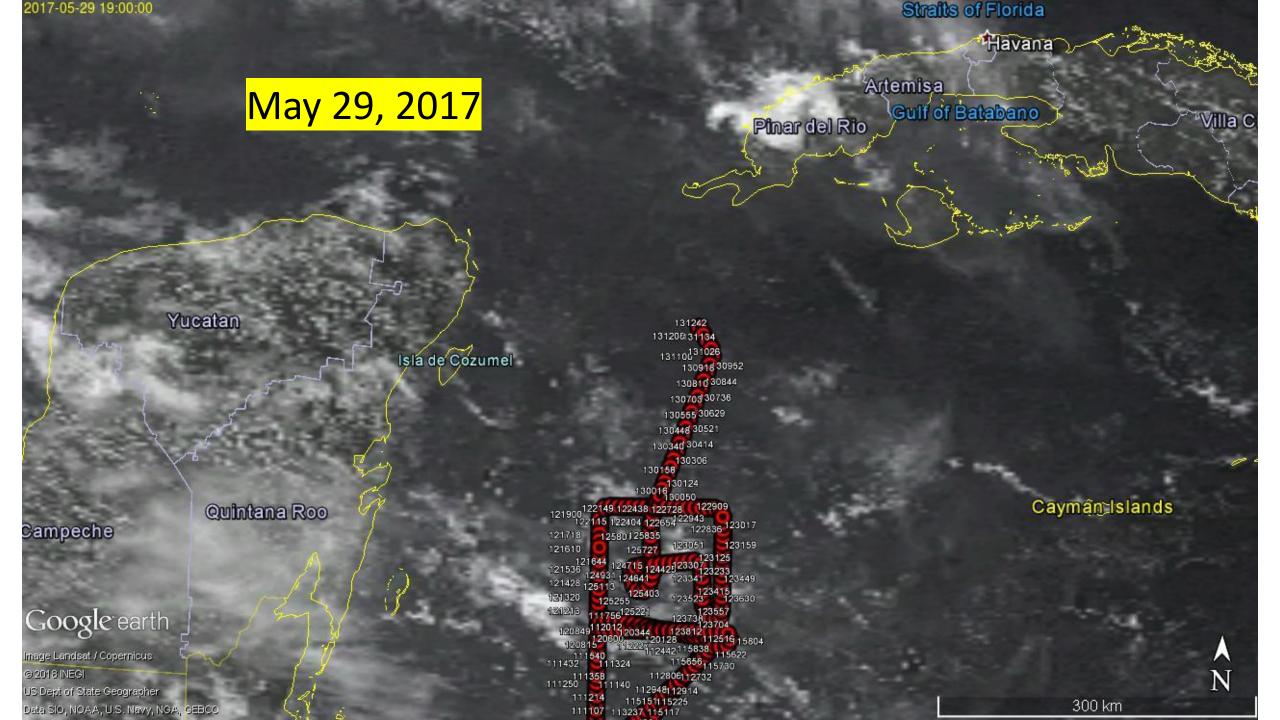


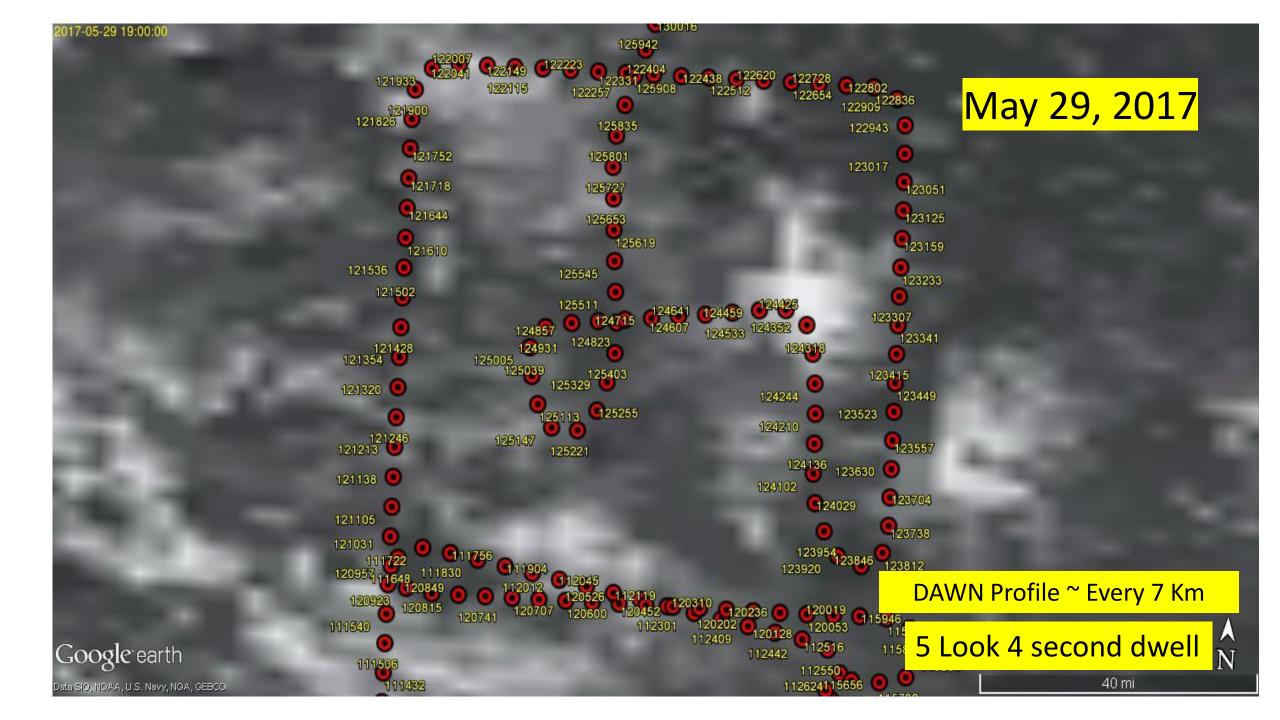
Mass Divergence Over Consecutive CPEX Boxes 05/27/17



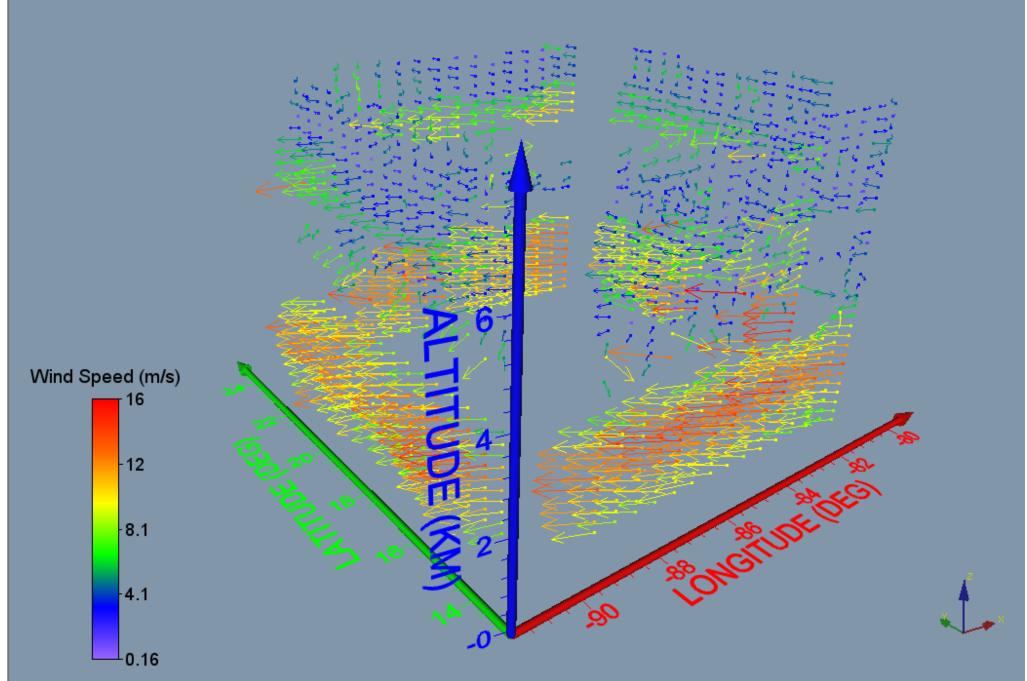
Mass Divergence Over CPEX Box 05/27/17 Box B

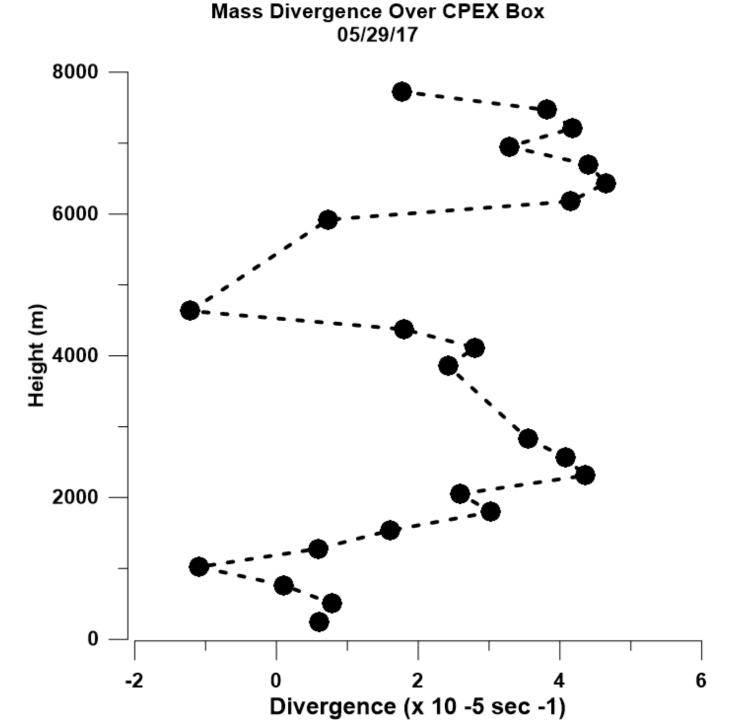


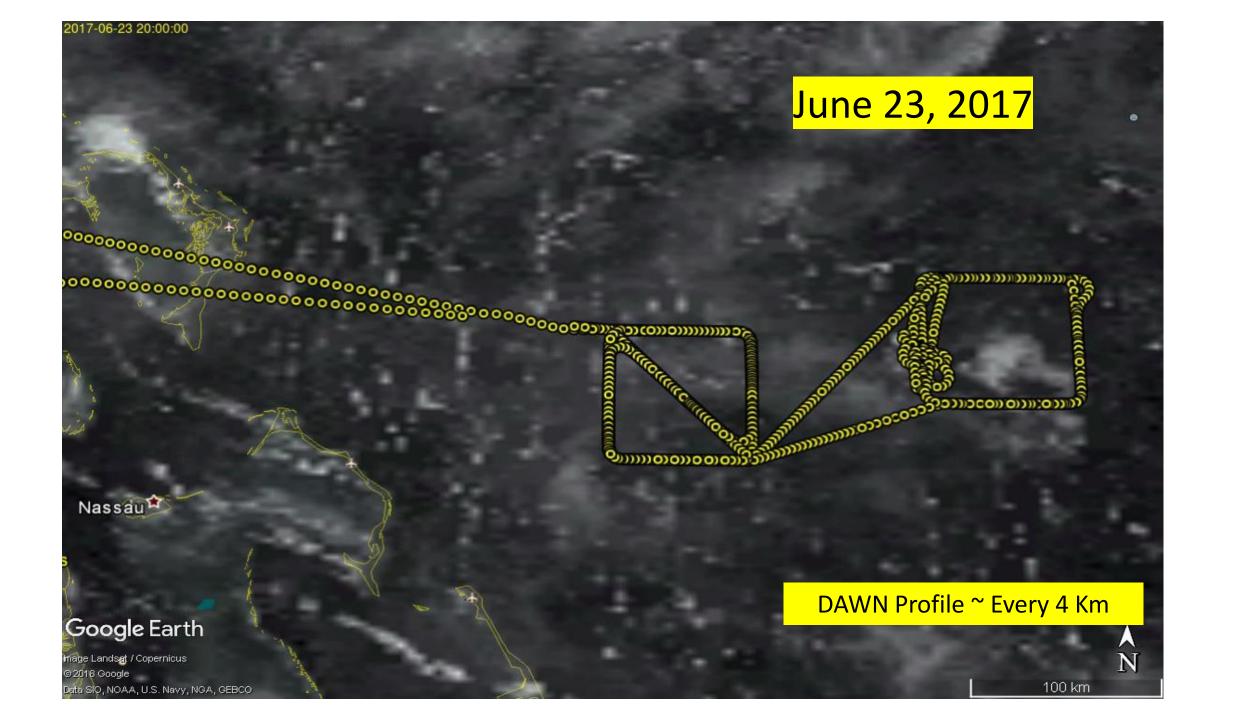




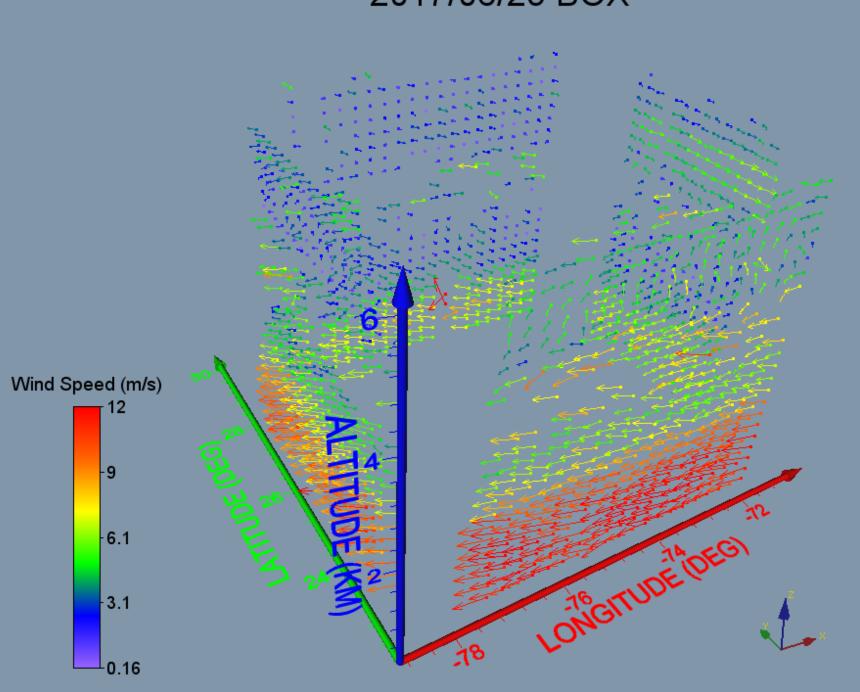
2017/05/29 BOX

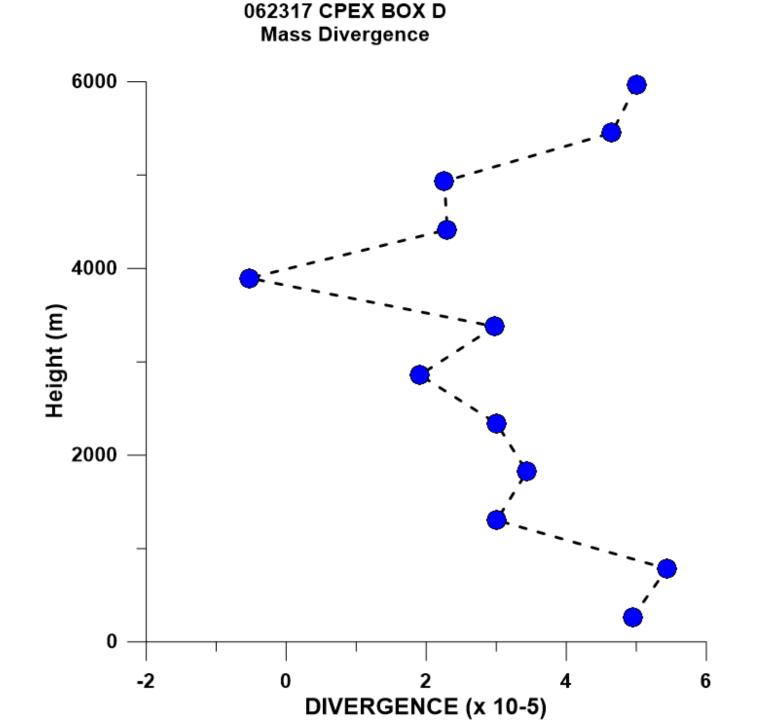


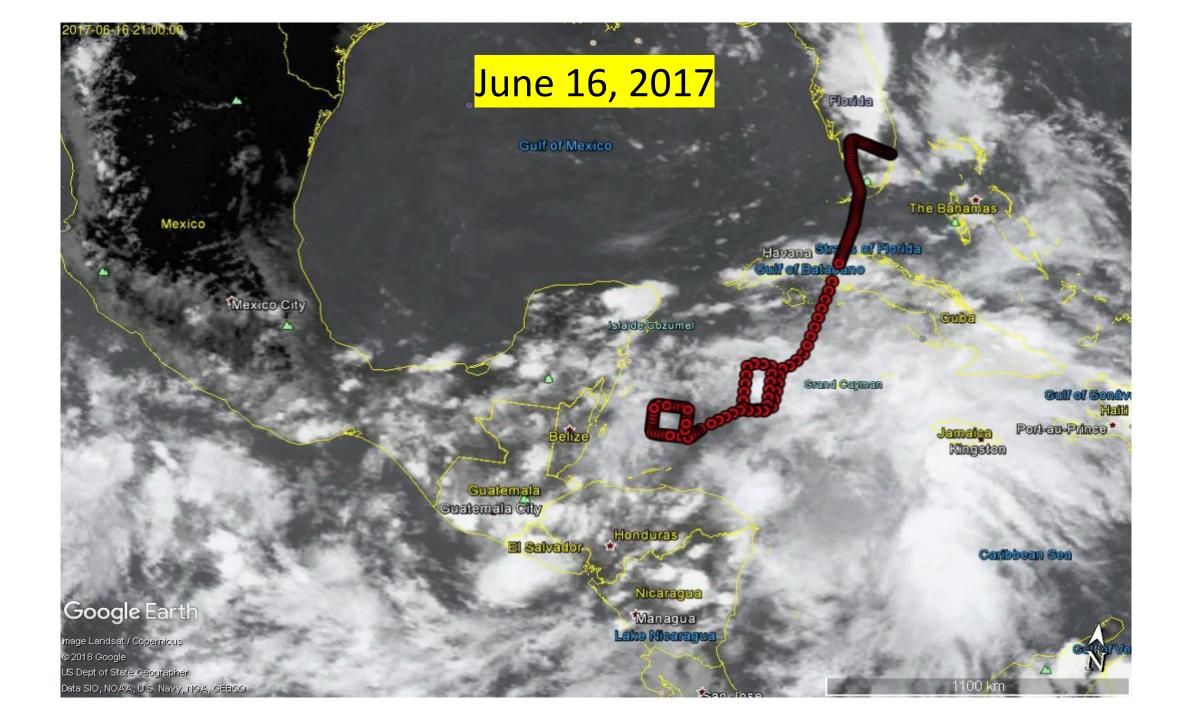


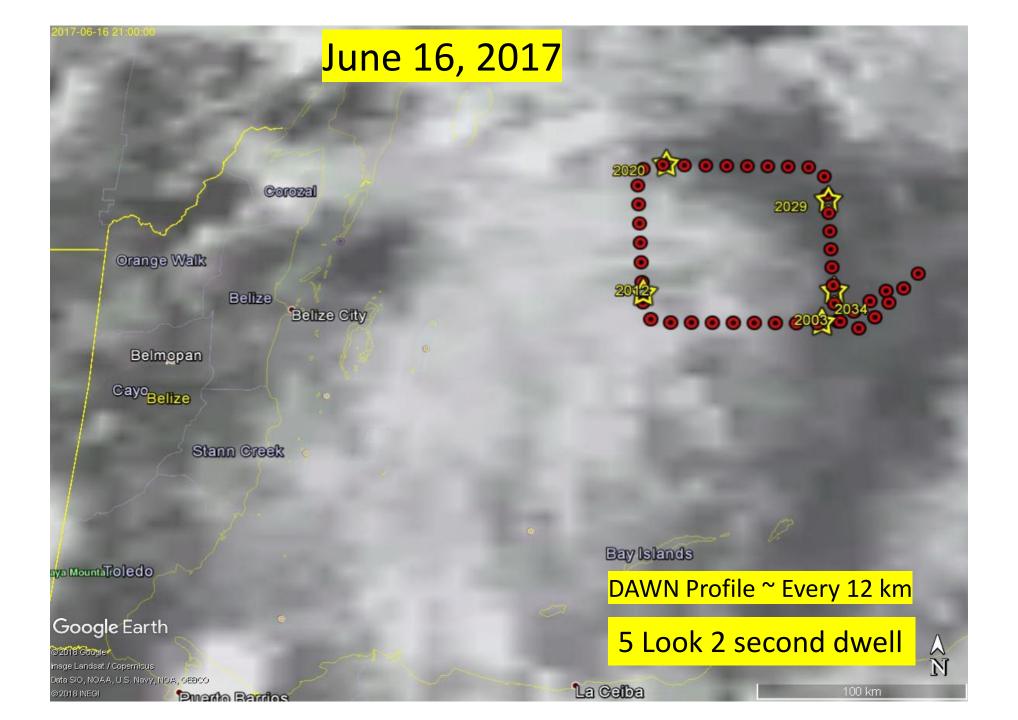


2017/06/23 BOX

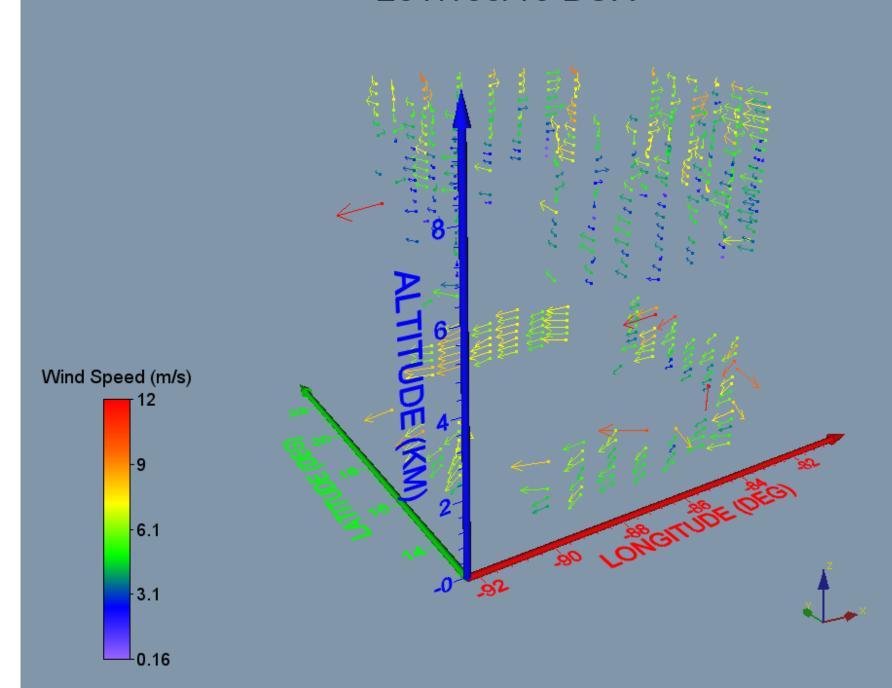




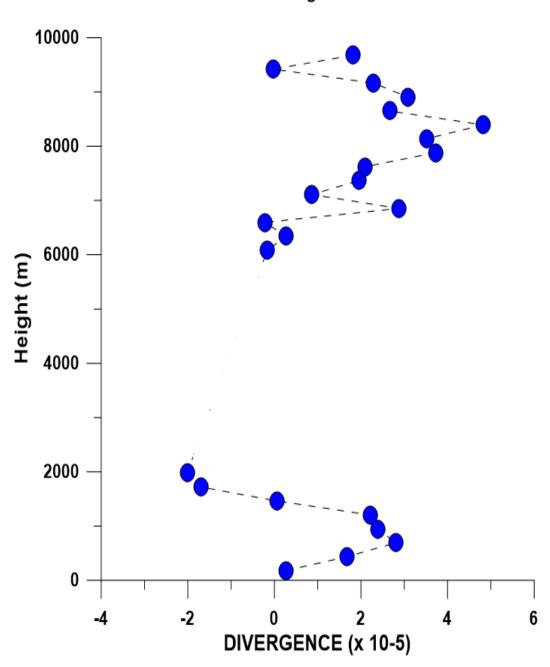




2017/06/16 BOX



O61617 CPEX BOX B (Belize) Mass Divergence



Summary

- The CPEX campaign has provided a unique set of more than 5000 DAWN wind profiles and ~ 275 dropsonde wind, temperature and water vapor profiles during all stages of the convective life cycle
- The DAWN airborne instrument can provide the velocity fields in the clear condition and in the vicinity of scattered and to organized convection (at some levels)
- The DAWN data have been used to compute mass budgets and divergence for 100 km x 100 km x 8-10 km volumes containing various degrees of cloud coverage ranging from cloud free to broken and scattered convection.
- Future work will continue on the investigation of the dynamics in more active and growing convection using improved DAWN data coverage (Version 5).